



## Postdoc position at PC2A

### Development of laser spectroscopic diagnostics in hydrogen flames

In 2021, the French government launched a broad investment plan “France 2030”, in connection with the ecological transition. This plan aims to decarbonize French industry in order to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 35% by 2030. Hydrogen combustion is a promising energy source to reach the carbon neutrality in many applications, including transport, industrial processes and energy conversion. In particular, the French acceleration strategy on decarbonized hydrogen is supported by the Priority Research Program and Equipment (Programme et Equipements Prioritaires de Recherche) PEPR-H2 of the plan “France 2030”.

The MONTHY project is funded by PEPR-H2 for a period of 4 years from 01/10/2022. This project brings together three French laboratories internationally recognized for their research in combustion and laser diagnostics (CORIA, EM2C, PC2A) and allows the recruitment of several PhD and postdocs on fundamental research on H<sub>2</sub> combustion.

The objectives of MONTHY project are to understand through a joined experimental and numerical analysis the nitrogen oxides formation in an environment representative of future hydrogen-air industrial combustion chambers. Results will lead to the first understanding and modeling of the impacts of H<sub>2</sub>O dilution on NO<sub>x</sub> production during turbulent hydrogen combustion

PC2A laboratory is offering a 18-21-month postdoc position, mainly experimental, on the development of laser spectroscopic diagnostics to obtain quantitative measurements of several key species for understanding of NO formation in laminar and turbulent H<sub>2</sub> flames, building on the expertise of PC2A in the field [1].

One aspect of the project aims to complete the database obtained in the first part of the project in several low pressure laminar H<sub>2</sub> flames selected over a judicious range of pressures and equivalence ratio to cover the various chemical pathways of NO formation in H<sub>2</sub> flames. The measured quantitative profiles of OH, NO were compared with modelling and have been disseminated with the community through several communications and publication [2-3]. In order to refine NO formation kinetics, quantitative measurements of H and O atom profiles are highly desirable. One of the postdoc's tasks will therefore be to implement for the first time the calibrated two-photon Laser induced fluorescence (TPLIF) technique in H<sub>2</sub> flames, drawing on the expertise of PC2A [4-5]. Other species, including minor, are also being considered by LIF, Cavity Ring-Down Spectroscopy (CRDS), FTIR [6].

The second aspect focuses on the implementation of an experimental and numerical strategy dedicated to the determination of OH and NO collision cross sections in H<sub>2</sub> flames. These data need to be re-evaluated in a collisional context typical of H<sub>2</sub> flames, especially under H<sub>2</sub>O dilution, and are crucial for quantifying 2D-LIF imaging of species in turbulent flames, such as those studied in the project at the CORIA and EM2C laboratories. To this end, in addition to the strategy developed at PC2A to determine cross sections, a close collaboration with the CORIA laboratory will be set up to measure the concentrations of the main species in laminar H<sub>2</sub> flames by Spontaneous Raman Spectroscopy [7], as required to determine the quenching. A wide range of flames offering different collision environments will be explored, enabling us to test the robustness of the quenching determination and model before transferring it to turbulent flames.

The project is anticipated to contribute to both realization of industrial-scale hydrogen combustion and the advancement of fundamental scientific knowledge regarding spectroscopic principles.

**Keywords:** Laser-based spectroscopic diagnostics, Combustion, NO<sub>x</sub> emissions

**Academic requirements:** PhD in the field of chemical or mechanical engineering/spectroscopy/laser techniques/combustion and a strong aspiration to perform experimental work are required. Experience in tunable laser metrology is appreciated. Knowledge of LIF, laser absorption. Data post processing techniques will be considered an asset.



**How to apply?** Send a letter to the postdoc supervisors (Pascale Desgroux and Nathalie Lamoureux) before the 8<sup>th</sup> of November 2024, CV and motivation letter, and recommendation letters.

**Laboratory:** PC2A <https://pc2a.univ-lille.fr/>

**Supervisors:** Pascale Desgroux, Nathalie Lamoureux,

**Duration:** 18-21 months, from January 2025

**Funding:** 100% PEPR MONTHLY. The gross salary is approximately 2800-3100 €/month (depending on experiences)

**Contact e-mail:** [pascale.desgroux@univ-lille.fr](mailto:pascale.desgroux@univ-lille.fr), [nathalie.lamoureux@univ-lille.fr](mailto:nathalie.lamoureux@univ-lille.fr),

### References

[1] *Modeling of NO formation in low pressure premixed flames*, Combustion and Flame, 163, 557-575 (2016), Lamoureux et al.

[2] *Experimental investigations of NO radicals in premixed hydrogen flames across a wide range of equivalence ratios*, T. Mitra, Y. Fenard, N. Lamoureux, P. Desgroux, 3<sup>rd</sup> Low Carbon Combustion Meeting, Nancy, France, April 2024

[3] *Understanding NO formation pathways in low pressure burner stabilized premixed lean-to-rich hydrogen flames*, to be submitted to Combustion and Flame, T. Mitra, N. Lamoureux, P. Desgroux,

[4] *Direct quantification of O-atom in low-pressure methane flames by using two-photon LIF*, PROCI 38 (2021), pp. 1753-1760, N. Lamoureux, P. Desgroux,

[5] *Quantitative measurement of atomic hydrogen in low-pressure methane flames using two-photon LIF calibrated by krypton*. Combustion and Flame, 224 (2021), pp. 248-259, N. Lamoureux, P. Desgroux

[6] *Quantitative NH measurements by using laser-based diagnostics in low-pressure flames*, PROCI 36, 1313-1320 (2019), Lamoureux N., Gasnot L., Desgroux P.

[7] *Insights into the flow and scalar structures when shifting from methane to hydrogen turbulent flames using simultaneous PIV – OH PLIF and spontaneous Raman scattering*, PROCI 40 (2024) 105708, Rajamanickam K. et al.